

2023.

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Mighty Margins

ASSERTING FROM MARGINS TO MOVE MINDSETS

Bangalore International Centre | November 4, 2022 | 1800 hrs to 2200 hrs



Preface by SUBHASHISH PANIGRAHI

Director, Ashoka Law for All Initiative

Sebastiaan ter Burg (CC BY 2.0)

ART HAS ALWAYS BEEN A FORM OF RESISTANCE, A TOOL TO FIGHT OPPRESSION ""

Often the lives of historically marginalised groups are discussed by those from oppressor communities. What if this process was reversed? "Can we have a study of brahminical caste supremacy," asks Siddhesh Gautam, a renowned artist, to a room full of changemakers.

Siddhesh's work celebrates the life and social justice contributions of Babasaheb Dr B. R. Ambedkar, chief compiler of the Indian constitution, education reformer couple Savitribai Phule and Mahatma Jyotiba Phule, and many others who

have furthered access to justice for millions. The Dalit, Bahujan, and Adivasi communities of modern India continue to reimagine equality by asserting people's rights to access education, social justice, healthcare, their own bodies, and every other element of the right to life. Illustrator and artist Shrujana N Shridhar gasps, "our [Bahujan] stories, our histories, and our social life are undocumented," which pushed her to having co-found the Mavelinadu Collective and the Dalit Panthers movement, both initiatives bringing a feminist and anti-

caste perspective to visual storytelling.
Siddhesh, Shrujana, and many others are changemakers — they are questioning the status quo of the normalised oppression and are exposing society to reimagine narratives never told before. In that process, they are transforming mindsets on many levels.

As we turn the pages of this publication, we embark on a journey through the artworks of 18 artist-changemakers. Each of these artists self-identify uniquely by citing their own location in the intersection of gender, caste, and disabilities and how they articulate their social experience in

a creative form.

We at Ashoka Law for All Initiative were humbled and honoured to find ourselves in countless stories of law and justice, told by using visual art as a medium.

Art has always been a form of resistance, a tool to fight oppression, but identifying and documenting critical social innovations in lived experiences is obscure. The works displayed at the Mighty Margins exhibition on the 4th of November 2022 at Bangalore International Centre challenged art, as it is perceived and propagated widely.

How are thousands of people, all from

Dalit-Bahujan families, work as manual scavengers where Article 14 of the Constitution of India should provide equality to them? Since queerness is a complex spectrum that only a queer person can best define for themselves, how fair is it to not recognise the utmost power everyone should have over their own body? These are two of the many critical questions these works provoke Mighty Margins every visitor to ask themselves. The creators of these works were mighty enough to help us reimagine how individuals and communities are proclaiming their right to access to tell their own stories. As I remember

going through each artwork now, I'm reminded of a separate conversation with Dr Shahidul Alam, a renowned Bangladeshi photojournalist, "Third World and Developing World not our chosen identity. We can't shift my country's image as a symbol of poverty, as portrayed by white Western photographers, unless storytellers change their stories."



Curator's Note by MEGHANA PARIK

Impact Assessment Lead, Ashoka Law for All Initiative

THESE ARTWORKS NOT ONLY DOCUMENT THE GRIM REALITIES OF SYSTEMIC OPPRESSION BUT OFFER SCOPE INTO THE AGONY OF LIVED EXPERIENCES 37

Candid vulnerabilities, lived experiences, and the sheer strength of the marginalised communities were the key qualities that connect the pieces in 'Mighty Margins' exhibition.

Different forms of artistic expression have played a cardinal role in social movements against inequality, oppression, and injustice, throughout history. These art forms have lent social justice movements much-needed traction, thereby promoting,

informing, and shaping social change.
Be it the renaissance movement, Women's
Rights Movement, Black Lives Matter
Movement, Queer Art Movement, or even
the Swadeshi movement.
These artworks not only document the
grim realities of systemic oppression
but offer scope into the agony of lived
experiences. There is beauty in their
candid vulnerabilities yet stern defiance
against historic systemic oppression that
has cost their communities-the right to life,

including the right to live with dignity.

This exhibition attempted to showcase artworks from artists that let us in on these very experiences. These artworks speak to horrors of marginalization based on gender, caste, disability, and identity, and offer an alternative where the future doesn't have to be unjust.

The exhibition saw celebrated works of 18 world-renowned artists and organisations from the social justice field, like Safdar

Hashmi Memorial Trust (SAHMAT) and international artists like Veer Munshi and Iranian artist Katayoun Karami.
Acclaimed works from artists like Siddhesh Gautam, Ajinkya Dekhane, Shrujana Shridhar, Jose, and Sonaksha, also shed light on different tones of marginalisation in their own unique way shaped by their personal experiences.
The exhibited pieces collectively drove home the grave compounding nature of intersectional marginalisation based on

gender, caste, disability, and history.

The artworks weren't just limited to paintings, projections, there were also exhibits of zines, columns, and featured comics from Pen Pencil Draw, Justicemakers by Agami, Acode by Digital Empowerment Foundation pertaining to the marginalised communities' fight against historic grave injustices.

The exhibition also hosted a session between Siddhesh Gautam who goes by a popular Instagram handle (@bakeryprasad) and Nikita Sonavane, Founder, Criminal Justice, and Police Accountability Project on activism as pertinent social innovations, and how art has surfaced to be a poignant social innovation when it comes to movement building and furthering everyone a changemaker movement.

Contributing Artists

AJINKYA DEKHANE	01
JOSE	13
KATAYOUN KARAMI	21
MANTIS SHRIMP CREATIVE x JASAN WALDURA	27
PEN PENCIL DRAW	31
SIDDHESH GAUTAM	37
SHRUJANA SHRIDHAR	45
SONAKSHA	53
VEER MUNSHI	69

Contributing Organisations

AGAMI X THE ALIPORE POST X COPYCAT DESIGN: JUSTICEMAKERS	77
DIGITAL EMPOWERMENT FOUNDATION- ACODE	85
SAFDAR HASHMI MEMORIAL TRUST (SAHMAT)	91

O1 MIGHTY MARGINS

Ajinkya Dekhane

Ajinkya Dekhane is a Mumbai based architect, artist and writer. Coming from an Ambedkarite Buddhist background, his practice engages with spatial exploration and expression of caste ghettos in the urban space. He uses mediums of Architectural drawings, sketches, fiction, and non-fiction writing to narrate stories of his people and expose the rot of caste that lingers in the very foundation of Indian cities.



Ramabai Bhimrao Ambedkar

Ramabai Bhimrao Ambedkar was the woman who propelled Babasaheb to the heights of his academic as well as political success. The anecdotes of her unimaginable sacrifice in a lifelong struggle to transform an ordinary Bhima, to Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar also transformed her own identity from Ramabai to the mother of all, Ramai.

Ramai sacrificed her own wants and likes, saving every penny out of sheer love and faith in the mammoth task her partner had undertaken to churn up a revolution, India wasn't ready for. She was content knowing every grumble her empty stomach made, ensured a fellow Dalit woman a life of dignity for decades to come.

Ramai learned to read and write in English early on, a great feat for her time.

Dalit women today face the worst forms of oppression in rural as well as urban areas in personal and professional life one for their caste second for being a woman and third if they're poor. Dalit women today are the marginalized within the marginalized. Upper class Savarna feminists have either denied space for Dalit women to rise or have blatantly appropriated their struggle taking every opportunity to speak on their behalf. Dalit feminism is slowly holding its ground with scholars and activists pointing out caste and gender intersectionalities. Today, all Dalits as well as their allies who have chosen to take up and continue this tedious work of calling out and systematically dismantling Brahminical Patriarchy find their strength and inspiration in the legacy of Ramai!

Ink and Charcoal on Paper Size: 76.2 × 76.2 cm 2019

Dekho Par Pyaar Se

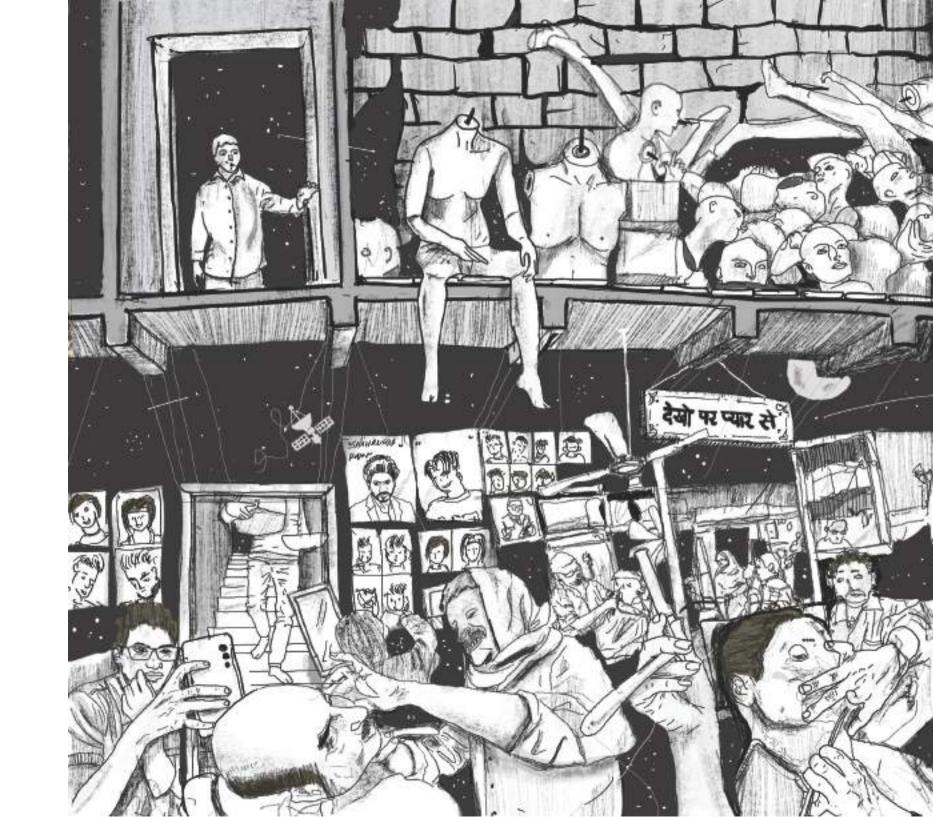
The artwork was first published alongside Shripad Sinnakar's poetry titled 'Love' through Mavelinadu Collective, an anti-caste publication co-founded by the artist himself. The following is an excerpt of the poem, the full piece can be read on Mavelinadu Collective's website.

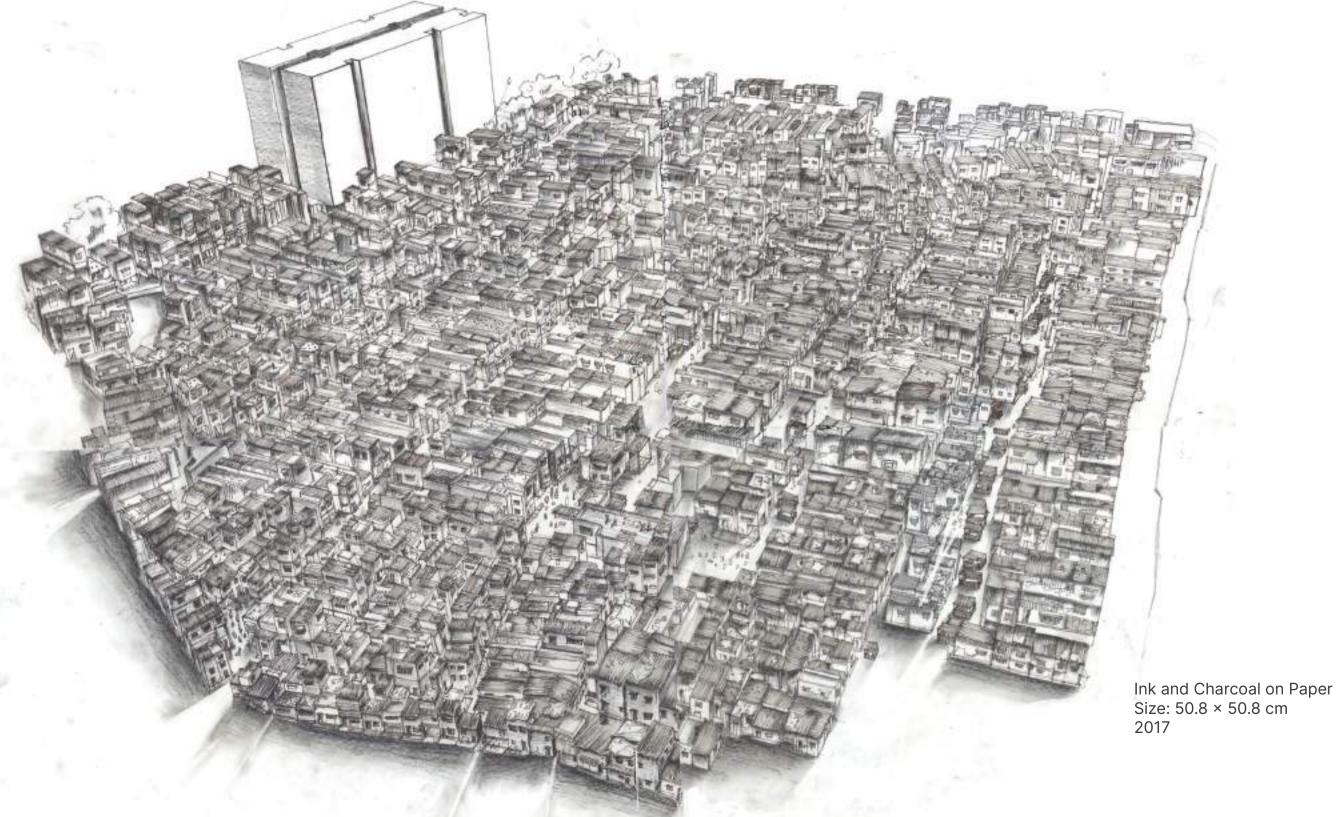
"At a barber's shop, the radio plays

'Zinda rehne ke liye teri kasam,
ek mulaqaat zaroori hai sanam'

— lyrics atrocious for their precision.
They are harmless really,
only until it takes flesh..."

Ink and Charcoal on Paper Size: 50.8 × 50.8 cm 2022





Kumbharwada, Dharavi

The artwork is an axonometric drawing of 'potters' colony' or "Kumbharwada" located in Dharavi. The place is inhabited by Kumbhars who migrated to Mumbai from Saurashtra, Gujrat over a century ago due to Droughts. The process of the drawing included mapping all the houses, streets, open spaces, Pottery kilns and small lanes which were firstly used to produce an Architectural plan.

The plan was then used to locate and draw every structure accurately to its position and character conjecturing heights through aerial shots.

The Tall SRA building in the middle of this fabric hints at the rapid change the place is undergoing with no sensitivity or concern for the existing life and commerce the place hosts.



Ink and Charcoal on Paper Size: 59.4 × 84.1 cm 2019

Hindu Code Bill

Dr. Ambedkar worked tirelessly to provide women the legal right to divorce or remarry as well as the freedom to marry outside their caste fold through the Hindu Code Bill. The bill granted women equal rights on property pre marriage, post marriage and in widowhood. Yet he resigned in 1950 owing to deliberate negligence and an adamant opposition in the parliament from the upholders of Hinduism who saw the bill as a threat to the integrity of their religion. It was unbearable for most upper caste men to see a scholar belonging to a caste they considered untouchable to be challenging the core principles of Hinduism inscribed in the scriptures written by Brahmins.

Babasaheb achieved the great feat of

linking caste with gender oppression in India finding their roots in patriarchal structures preserved and nurtured under centuries of Brahminical dominance.

While listing feminist icons in India,
Ambedkar is often overlooked as he gets reduced to a token identity of the Father of constitution oblivious to the gargantuan body of work he produced beyond the constitution to fetch equal rights for not just lower caste men and women but also upper caste women.

Using the Hindu Code Bill as the bedrock, further improvements and amendments also provided women the right to adopt a child despite marital status.

Laws on Dowry, Abortion and Maternity benefits would have been a distant fantasy had the Hindu Code Bill not been drafted by Babasaheb as the first law minister.

13 MIGHTY MARGINS

Jose

Jose is a genderfluid illustrator from Kerala whose work aims to bring to life experiences often kept out of the mainstream, mainly around the themes of gender and mental health. Employing surreal imagery and drawing from their fascination with the human body, they consider their work successful if they are able to make the viewers question the perspectives, we all have been conditioned into.



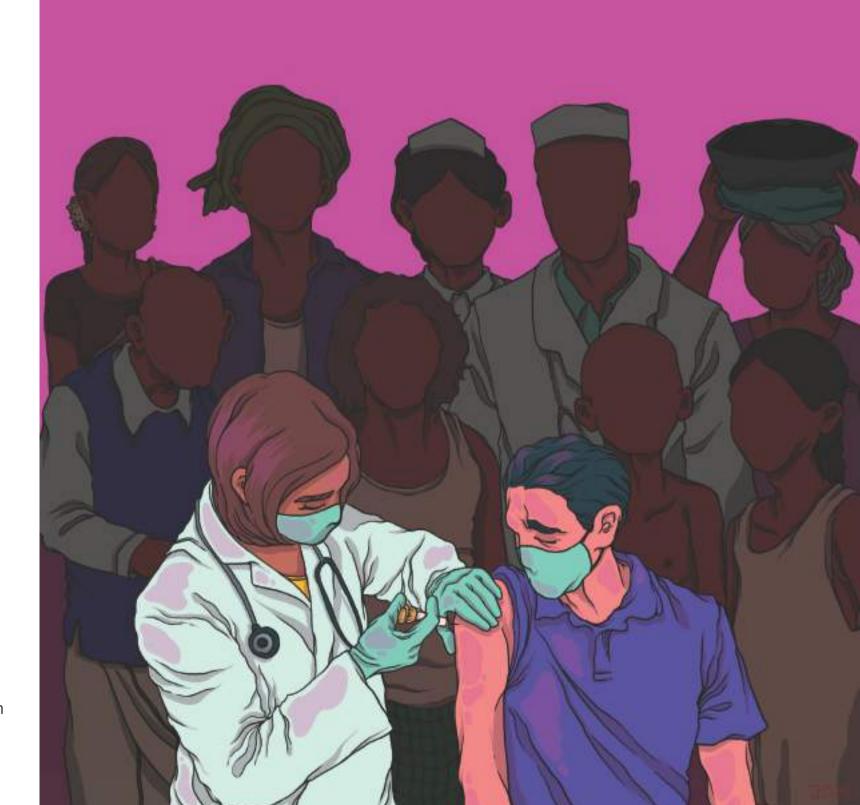
Proud

Conceived in the process of the artist coming into their own identity, this piece questions the boxes we like to put people into, by showing that each of us contain multitudes of queer identities, not limited by our bodies.

Mixed Media Size: 20 × 20 cm 2019

Ones left behind

Made during the period of hope when vaccines were being rolled out, this piece pushes against the 'return to normal', calling for change in the flawed systems that failed so many in the first and second waves - and continues to.



Digital Size: 20 × 20 cm 2020



High Hand

Who passes the laws that govern us all?
When do they choose to pass them?
These are the questions posed by this
piece, as it illustrates the cunning timings
of draconian legislations being passed or
overhauled by the state, in the shadow of
events like the pandemic.

Digital Size: 20 × 20 cm 2020

Katayoun Karami

Katayoun Karami is an Iranian artist, whose works explore communal experiences, specifically gender, freedom of expression and systemic oppression. She brings to the front fragments of the residents' daily lives in the war-torn and volatile socio-political environments. Through her works, she captures her expression of self, influenced by the socio-political environment she lived in. She has exhibited her work in more than 30 exhibitions in the last two decades, across the world.





The Next Edition

Katayoun always has history on her mind, not just reminiscence but also suffering from curious case of reliving the history. In the contexts around her, in the middle east the history hasn't stopped repeating itself. There have been similar catastrophes time and again which have destroyed people's lives, and hopes. She conceptualized this artwork in remembrance of those wartime contexts where libraries were burnt, and eyes were gouged out.

In 2009, with suffocation, losing hope and increased incidents of inhumane acts around, memories of war-torn states came to her again and the result is the next edition series.



Mixed Media Size: 35 × 35 cm 2010









Mantis Shrimp Creative x Jasan Waldura

Mantis Shrimp is a Creative Technology
Studio, focused on creating digital
immersion in physical spaces.
Using powerful tools like Augmented
Reality and Projection Mapping, they
conceptualise and create truly bespoke
experiences. Jasan Waldura is an
interactive designer, a creative coder and
multimedia editor who loves to create
visuals and graphics. His works have been
exhibited in numerous art shows and
showcases like the Broke Artist collective,
Neo Shibuya 30 seconds museum, London
Design Biennale, Midburn Festival and the
Holy Art Gallery over at London.



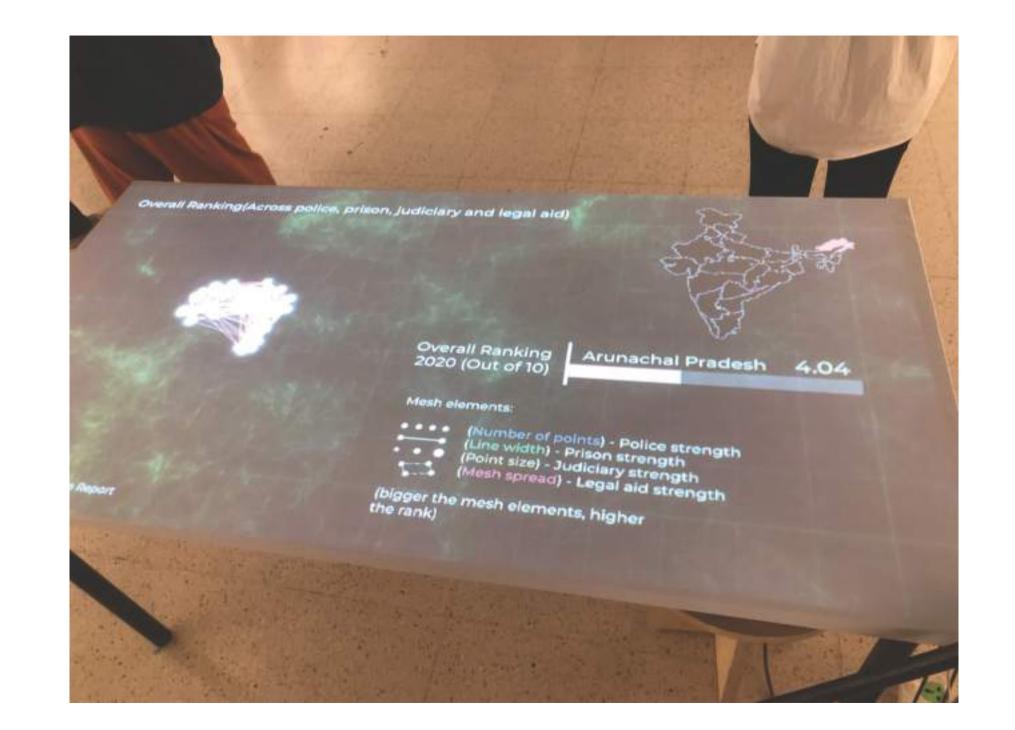
Justice in Motion

Projection Art around data and statistics around key social justice metrics.

The artwork showcases social justice standings of different Indian states and also India's standing in the world when it comes to rule of law, gender justice, and democracy.

Data and analysis courtesy of India Justice Report 2021, and Oxfam "Who tells our story matters:

Representation of Marginalised Caste Groups in Indian Newsrooms".



31 MIGHTY MARGINS

Pen Pencil Draw

Pen Pencil Draw is an anonymous artist.





BUT THE MAIN INDIAN LAW THAT PROHIBITS MANUAL SCAVENGING IN INDIA PEFINES IT DIFFERENTLY





FROM PRY FROM FROM FROM
LATRINES & RALWAY SEPTIC GUTTERS
OPEN PRAINS TRACKS TANKS & SEWERS

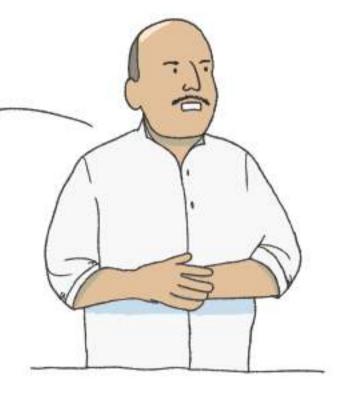
THAT'S PARTLY HOW THE SOVERNMENT CAN CLAIM
THAT INDIA HAS SHPEP MANUAL SCAVENGING.
THIS LAW HAS OTHER PROBLEMS TOO.
BUT DEFORE THAT, SOME TIME TRAVEL

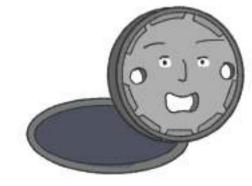


BUT YOU ALSO HEAR THE DENIALS

"THERE IS NO REPORT OF
DEATHS DUE TO MANUAL
SCAVENGING. HOWEVER
IGI PERSONS HAVE DIED DUE
TO ACCIDENTS WHILE
UNDERTAKING HAZARDOUS
CLEANING OF SEWER AND
SEPTIC TANKS DURING THE
LAST THREE YEARS"

VIRENDRA KUMAR, SOCIAL JUSTICE MINISTRY, 2022





WHAT DOES THAT EVEN MEAN?

ALLOW ME TO TELL YOU THE

ABSURD SAGA OF MANUAL

SCAVENGING IN INDIA

MAKE HEADLINES, BUT MANUAL SCAVENGING IS MORE THAN THAT.

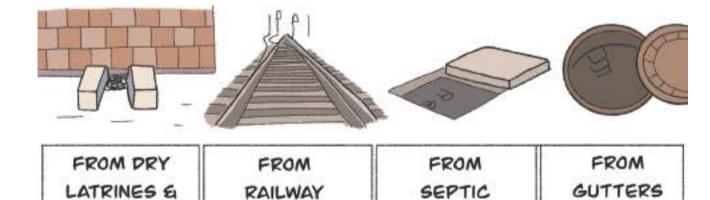


OPEN DRAINS

BROADLY, IT'S WHEN A PERSON
PHYSICALLY CLEANS, CARRIES OR
OTHERWISE HANDLES HUMAN SHIT:

TANKS

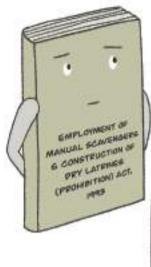
& SEWERS



OTHER SANITATION WORKERS, SUCH AS THOSE WHO CLEAN PUBLIC TOILETS, ALSO SOMETIMES HAVE TO HANDLE HUMAN EXCRETA

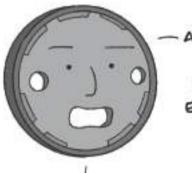
TRACKS

IN 1993, A NEW LAW MADE IT A CRIME TO BUILD A DRY
LATRINE OR ENGAGE ANYONE TO MANUALLY CARRY EXCRETA.
BUT IT FAILED.



	REP	ARD	
	SUBJECT	GRAPE	REMARKS
4	ERAPICATION	F	LEFT IMPLEMENTATION TO STATES, WHO DID LITTLE
()	REHABILITATION	F	MOST FUNDS UNSPENT OR UNDERUSED
	PUNISHMENT	F	ZERO CONVICTIONS IN 20 YEARS

MANUAL SCAVENGING HAS BEEN RECOGNISED AS AN ASSAULT ON DIGNITY SINCE INDEPENDENCE



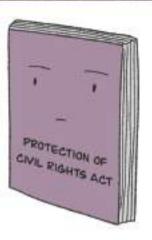
— A 1955 LAW MADE IT

AN OFFENCE TO

FORCE ANYONE TO

ENGAGE IN MANUAL

SCAVENGING

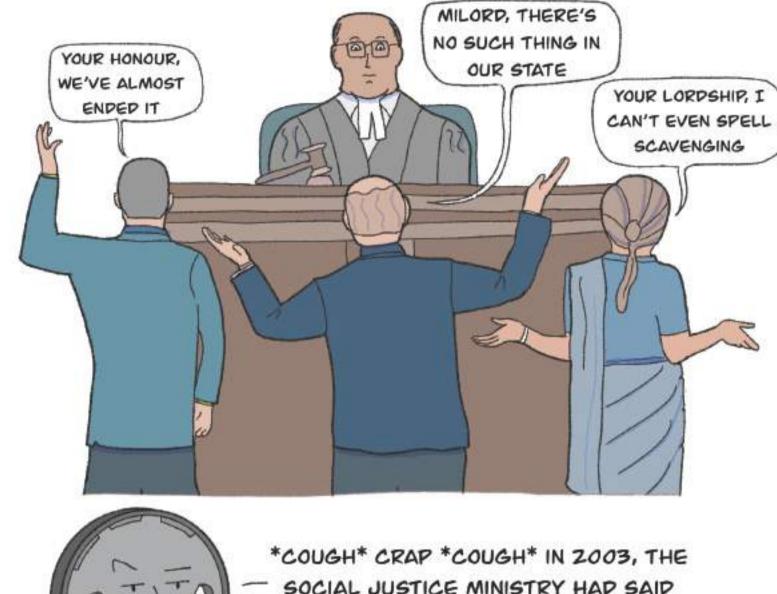


AND THROUGH THE YEARS, MANY COMMITTEES LOOKED INTO THE PRACTICE, MOST OF THEM ONLY SUGGESTING IMPROVEMENTS IN WORKING CONDITIONS



*NOT LIKENESSES

FRUSTRATED, ACTIVIST GROUPS WENT TO THE SUPREME COURT IN 2003. BUT SOME STATE GOVERNMENTS DENIED THE VERY EXISTENCE OF MANUAL SCAVENGING.



COUGH CRAP *COUGH* IN 2003, THE

— SOCIAL JUSTICE MINISTRY HAD SAID

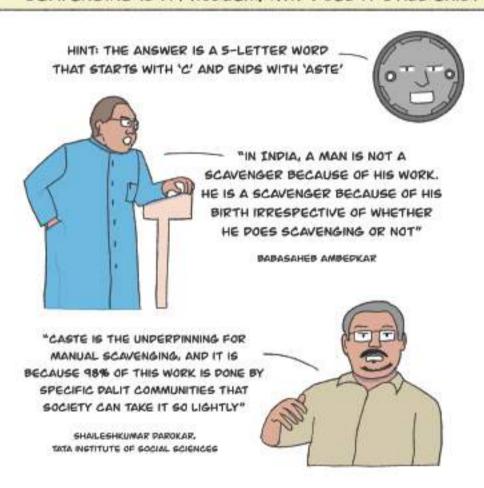
THERE WERE NEARLY 68 MILLION INDIANS

PRACTISING MANUAL SCAVENGING

IN 2013, FOLLOWING ACTIVIST PRESSURE, INDIA ENACTED THE LAW WE NOW HAVE AGAINST MANUAL SCAVENGING

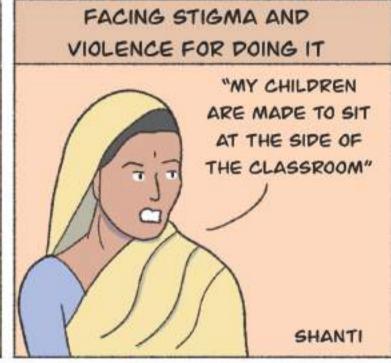


WAIT, SO IF GOVERNMENTS KNOW AND ADMIT THAT MANUAL SCAVENGING IS A PROBLEM, WHY DOES IT STILL EXIST?



MANY PALIT PEOPLE HAVE NO CHOICE BUT TO WORK IN MANUAL SCAVENGING





AND PREVENTED FROM LEAVING

GANGASHRI

"THEY CALLED OUR MEN AND SAID: 'IF YOU DO NOT START SENDING YOUR WOMEN TO CLEAN OUR TOILETS, WE WILL BEAT THEM UP. WE WILL BEAT YOU UP'"



*NOT LIKENESSES

BUT THE MAIN INDIAN LAW THAT PROHIBITS MANUAL SCAVENGING IN INDIA DEFINES IT DIFFERENTLY





FROM DRY
LATRINES &
OPEN DRAINS

FROM RAILWAY TRACKS SEPTIC TANKS FROM GUTTERS & SEWERS

THAT'S PARTLY HOW THE GOVERNMENT CAN CLAIM
THAT INDIA HAS ENDED MANUAL SCAVENGING.
THIS LAW HAS OTHER PROBLEMS TOO,
BUT BEFORE THAT, SOME TIME TRAVEL



GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, INCLUDING THE RAILWAYS,
OFTEN USE CONTRACTORS WHO EMPLOY PEOPLE TO
MANUALLY CLEAN EXCRETA

"THE RAILWAYS HAS ARGUED THAT SINCE THEY HAVE FLUSH LATRINES INSTALLED, WORKERS CLEANING THE WASTE FROM THE TRACKS IS NOT MANUAL SCAVENGING"



SHOMONA KHANNA, SUPREME COURT LAWYER

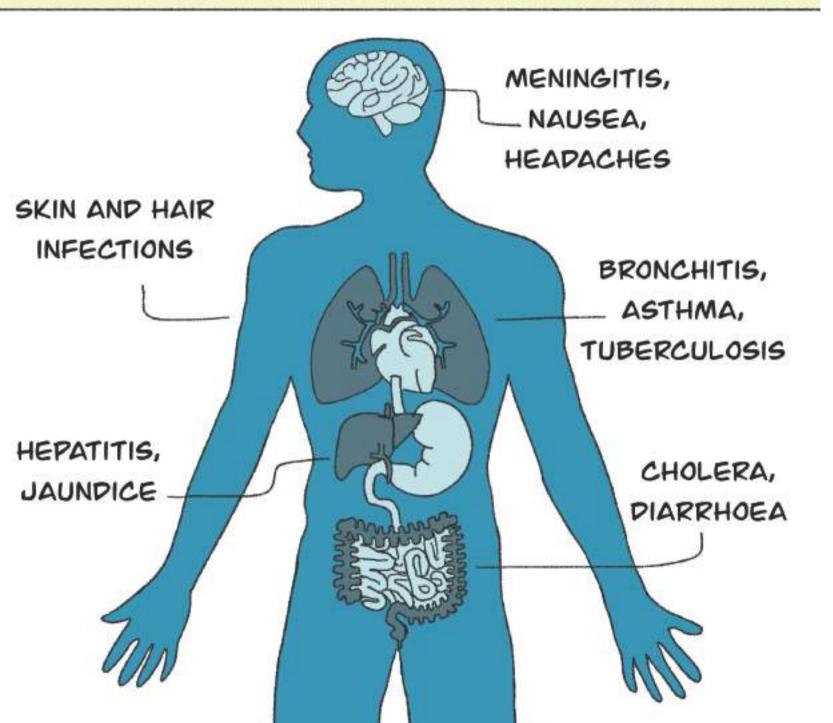
"BECAUSE OF CASTE, THE GOVERNMENT DOES NOT WANT TO INVEST IN ANY MACHINERY. THEY KNOW THAT THERE IS CHEAP MANUAL LABOUR AVAILABLE"

> MARTIN MACWAN, NAVSARJAN TRUST



I'M A PIECE OF SHIT AND EVEN I THINK THAT'S DISGUSTING

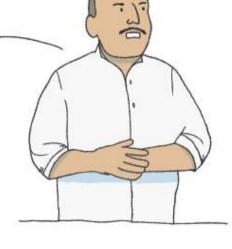
BECAUSE OF THEIR WORK, THEY OFTEN FACE A RANGE OF HEALTH ISSUES



BUT YOU ALSO HEAR THE DENIALS

"THERE IS NO REPORT OF
DEATHS DUE TO MANUAL
SCAVENGING. HOWEVER
IGI PERSONS HAVE DIED DUE
TO ACCIDENTS WHILE
UNDERTAKING HAZARDOUS
CLEANING OF SEWER AND
SEPTIC TANKS DURING THE
LAST THREE YEARS"

VIRENDRA KUMAR, SOCIAL JUSTICE MINISTRY, 2022





THE LAW DOESN'T HELP. DESPITE HUNDREDS OF DEATHS FROM MANUAL SCAVENGING, THERE HAS NOT BEEN A SINGLE CONVICTION



"DEATHS ARE OFTEN NOT RECORDED.

IF AN F.I.R. IS FILED, IT IS DONE SO
HALF-HARTEDLY, WITH NO MENTION OF
THE RELEVANT LAWS. OFTEN, THE
AUTHORITIES ARE NOT EVEN READY TO
ACCEPT THE DEATH WAS CAUSED BY
MANUAL SCAVENGING, BUT INSTEAD
BLAME THE LABOURERS"

BEZWAPA WILSON, SAFAI KARMACHARI ANDOLAN

SINCE 2017, THE NATIONAL CRIME RECORPS BUREAU POES NOT _ SEPARATELY RECORP CASES REGISTERED UNDER THE 2013 LAW



THE 2013 LAW MANDATES MONETARY COMPENSATION AND REHABILITATION, BUT THE GOVERNMENT ADMITS THIS HASN'T HAPPENED

WHAT IDENTIFIED PEOPLE SHOULD GET:

CASH PAYMENT OF ₹40,000

SKILLS TRAINING FOR 2 YEARS, WITH ₹3000

PER MONTH;

CHEAP LOANS FOR UP TO ₹15 LAKHS;

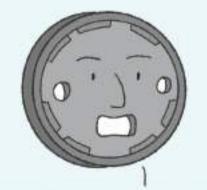
SUBSIPY OF UP TO ₹5 LAKHS FOR BUYING

MECHANISED CLEANING EQUIPMENT/VEHICLES

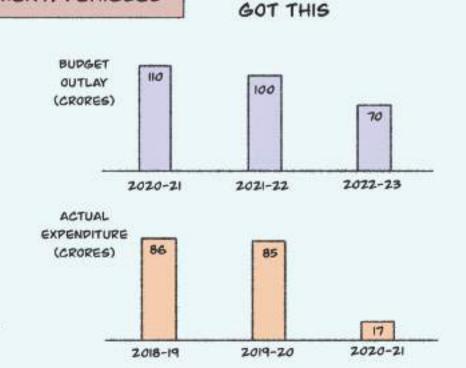
ONLY 31%

HAVE GOT

THIS



BUDGET ALLOCATIONS FOR THIS SCHEME HAVE FALLEN IN RECENT YEARS, AND EVEN THE MONEY THAT'S THERE IS NOT FULLY SPENT



MAKE HEADLINES, BUT MANUAL SCAVENGING
IS MORE THAN THAT.



BROADLY, IT'S WHEN A PERSON
PHYSICALLY CLEANS, CARRIES OR
OTHERWISE HANDLES HUMAN SHIT:



FROM DRY
LATRINES &
OPEN DRAINS

FROM RAILWAY TRACKS FROM SEPTIC TANKS FROM GUTTERS & SEWERS

OTHER SANITATION WORKERS, SUCH AS THOSE
WHO CLEAN PUBLIC TOILETS, ALSO SOMETIMES
HAVE TO HANDLE HUMAN EXCRETA

WORSE, THERE IS NO RELIABLE OFFICIAL ESTIMATE EVEN TODAY OF JUST HOW MANY PEOPLE ARE INVOLVED IN MANUAL SCAVENGING

ACTIVISTS SAY THERE ARE MILLIONS
INVOLVED. THE CENTRE CARRIED OUT
TWO SURVEYS IN SOME DISTRICTS IN
2013 AND 2018. BUT IT'S REPORTED
EVEN THOSE NUMBERS INCONSISTENTLY



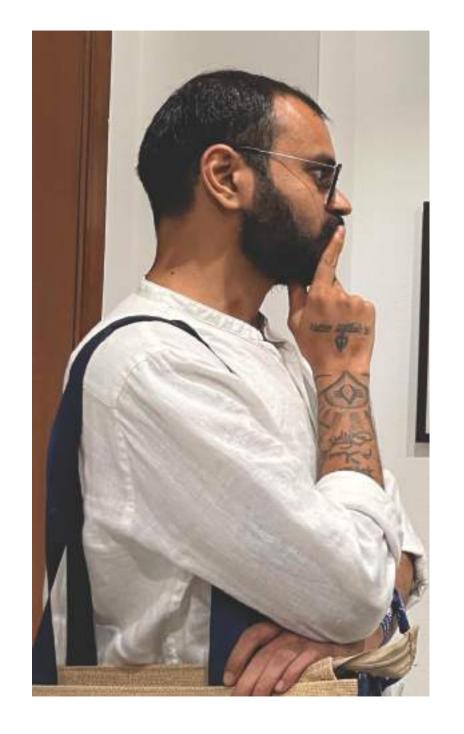
JULY 2021	DECEMBER 2021
"66,692"	"58,098"

RAMPAS ATHAWALE, SOCIAL JUSTICE MINISTRY

Siddhesh Gautam

Siddhesh Gautam is an artist and visual designer with a popular Instagram handle "Bakery Prasad."

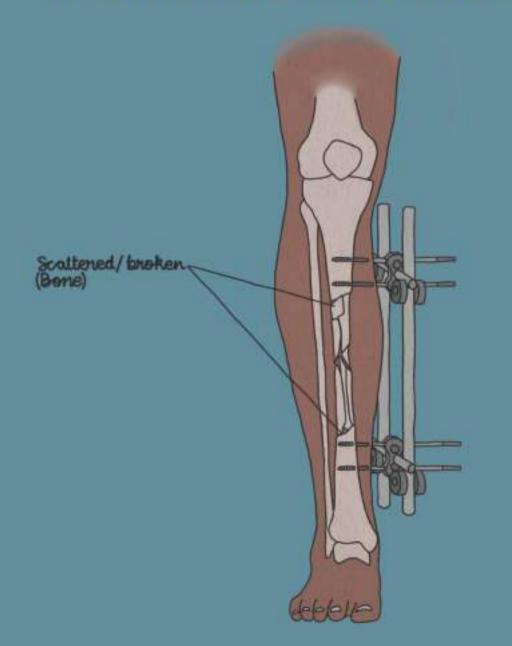
His work primarily addresses narratives around hegemony and discrimination, especially the atrocities faced by Dalit-Adivasis community. While minimalism and post-modernist thought are the main influence of his work, his work is based on in-depth research on the subject. Siddhesh describes himself as a multi-discipline, mixed-media artist, designer, treasure hunter, fallen angel, and soul searcher, and his work is a personification of his personal spiritual journey.



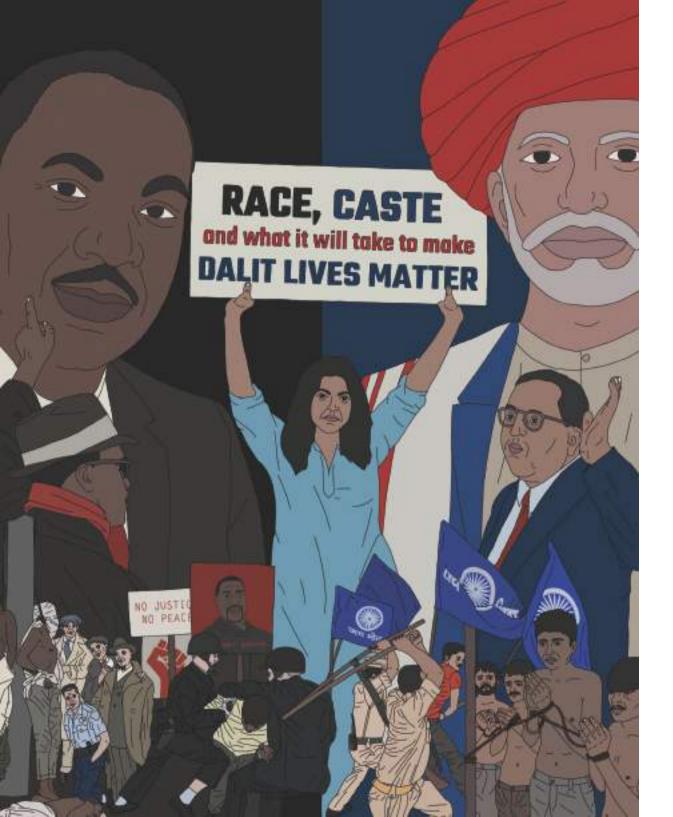
Oppressed Castes and Affirmative Action

It takes time to heal broken bones, imagine how much time and effort would be required to reattach the foot with the rest of the body. This art comes in the light of much debated need of reservation in a society that has proclaimed abolishment of caste system and the historic inequities that arose from the exclusionary nature of caste system.

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION



Digital Size: 42 cm x 59.4 cm 2021



Digital Size: Height 3 ft 2020

Dalit Lives Matter

We are still seeking answers for 'race, caste and what it will take to make Dalit Lives Matter.'

The art is divided into two parts: left side for Black Rights Movement and the right side for Dalit Rights Movement.

Protect The Protest

The only thing peaceful protest disrupts is injustice. A world where everyone can participate in protests equally, without fear of violence of reprisals, is a world where human rights can be upheld for everybody.

Digital Size: 41.91 cmx 59.436 cm 2022



Shrujana Shridhar

Shrujana N Shridhar is an illustrator and artist based in Mumbai. She works on children's books and editorial illustrations. Her work centers anti-caste expression from an Ambedkarite and feminist perspective. She belongs to the Ambedkarite-Buddhist community, and runs the Dalit Panther Archive, which focuses on digitising and translating Little Magazines and literature published by the members of the Dalit Panther movement.





Dalit Panthers

A pivotal moment for the movement was when founding member, Raja Dhale wrote 'Kala Svatantra Divas' (Black Independence Day), a provocative essay published in Sadhna magazine on 15 August 1972.

He wrote it to highlight the sexual harassment of a Buddhist woman in Brahamangaon village in Parbhani district. JV Pawar, another founding member, details the aftermath of this essay in his book, Dalit Panthers, An Authoritative History. On 29 August 1972, the Pune Municipal Corporation passed a resolution condemning Sadhana for printing the article.

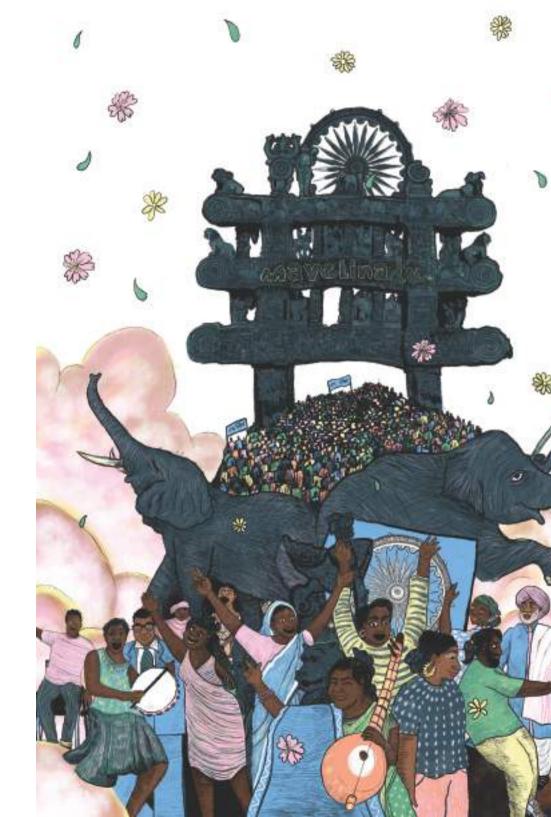
Digital

Size: 91.44 cm height

The resolution was to prosecute Raja
Dhale, Yadunath Thatte, and Dr. Anil
Avchat, the executive editor of
Sadhana. Political parties threatened to
burn down Sadhana's printing press if
the magazine was not shut down. When
cadres of the two parties marched to the
publication's office, they were countered
by the newly formed Panthers, who had
arrived in Pune to confront them. The
Panthers managed to chase away the
protestors and save the printing press. The
illustration features Namdeo Dhasal, Raja
Dhale and JV Pawar.



The illustration features the leaders of the anti-caste movement in India celebrating the dawn of a casteless and genderless world with the community.



Digital Size: 41.91 cm x 59.436 cm



Digital Size: 29.71 cm x 29.71 cm

Maveli Raju

The mythical kingdom of Mavelinadu or Balirajya was known to be a casteless and egalitarian kingdom. It was a kingdom known to have democraticised agriculture and to have had the best healthcare for its citizens. The Asura King, Mahabali was known to be a just and fair ruler who loved and cared for his people equally. He was demonised and murdered by the Vedic God, Vishnu. This piece attempts to capture texture and movement in an organic sense.

Sonaksha

Sonaksha (they/them) is an illustrator, graphic recorder, and book designer. Through their queer feminist artistic practice, they examine gender, sexuality, community, care and body image, and address disability justice, mental health and intersectional feminism. They use art, graphic recording, illustration, animation and zine making as tools to contribute to, and participate in social and climate justice movements across the world.

Sonaksha has worked with various organisations to visually highlight and archive the work of activists and human rights defenders, including FRIDA - The Young Feminist Fund, Association for Progressive Communications, CREA, Women's Fund Asia, Oxfam, RESURJ, and Urgent Action Sister Funds among others.



Digital Illustration, Publication 2022

Holding Space is a self-learning manual created by Rising Flame, an India based nonprofit, that seeks to expand on the effects of ableism on disabled people's lives and mental health.

The illustration is part of the cover and draws into reality a world where disabled people can exist freely as our full selves, without worrying about being too much or having to shrink ourselves; a world where we celebrate the ways crip love and wisdom holds us with care.

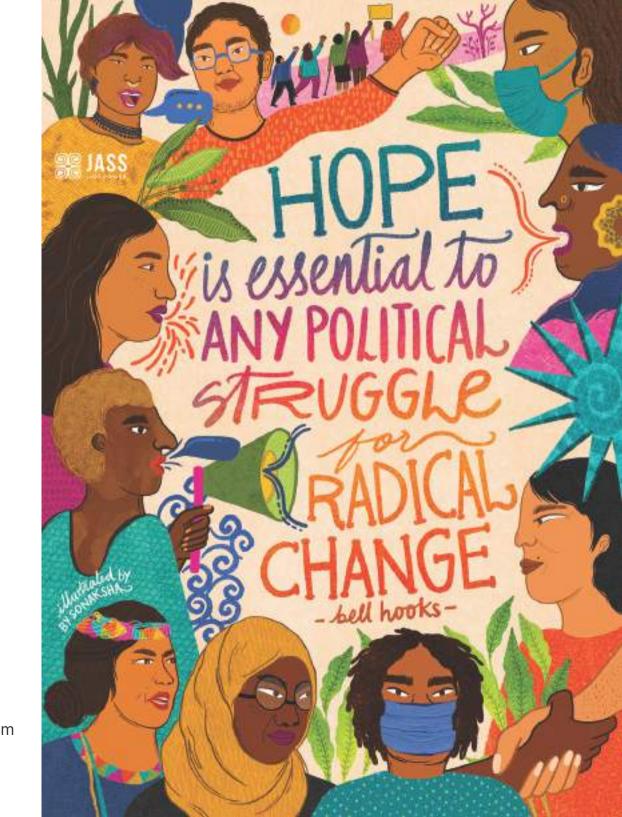
Digital Size: 52.8 cm x52.8 cm



Digital Illustration, Postcard 2021

Bell hooks' words, thoughts, work and being have been and will always continue to be central to so many of us and our movements.

This artwork was made with JASS as a way to honor bell hooks, and the myriad ways she taught about community, care, how to shift our worlds, love, and to be in movement with each other.



Digital Size: 52.8 cm x52.8 cm

Digital Illustration, Banner 2021

Indigenous communities around the world are at the forefront, leading the fight for the climate crisis, and yet they are consistently left out of decision-making tables despite also being most impacted by its consequences. This illustration highlights the importance of centering, celebrating, listening to, and being led by the work and knowledge of Indigenous communities in addressing climate change.

Digital Size: 29.7 cm x 42 cm





Digital Illustration, Banner 2021

A glimpse of ways we occupy spaces online towards our feminist and intergenerational dreams for liberation.

Made for Restless Development's 'Feminist Action Lab' that collates resources and dialogues to highlight global feminist movements and their impact across the world.

Digital

Size: 29.7 cm x 42 cm

Graphic Recording, Zine, 2021

An illustrated zine mapping voices from two panels convened for NGO CSW 65 and the Generation Equality Forum to address gaps in the rights of queer, trans and non-binary people. The conversations tabled demands to address increasing rollbacks and threats faced by the LBTQ+ community over the last few years.

The zine was supported by Action Aid.





The challenge we have as trans women is that we're always being masked with gay men. Even within queer spaces our identities have been dissolved.

-

RAMANDA BOSCO

Programs Assistant at Transpossier Equality Ugando and Member of the Generation Equality Youth Tack Force



across the board: the more visible we are, the more we are able to overcome the invisibility that is allowing discrimination to continue.

Challenging the bureaucracy of UN spaces where older activists hold decision making powers.

and amplifying each other's experiences by sharing our knowledge. approach and practices: therefore creating transformative change for everyone.

Educating, affirming

Building International, ntergenerational, cross movement solidarity is key for advancing our struggle for self determination and a feminist future.



When we get into our differences, we are playing into the patriarchal system. We need to get beyond seeing each other as enemies. We are all oppressed under the system, and the system needs to go.

DR. BEY DITSE

Activist & Filmmaker



Conservative groups have begun speaking the language of human rights. We need to be alert and have stronger articulation among ourselves to understand their strategies and confront them.

> -GLORIA CAREAGA

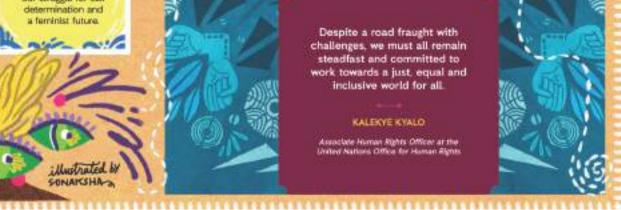
Coordinator of Fundacion Arcoids - Mexico



Despite a road fraught with challenges, we must all remain steadfast and committed to work towards a just, equal and inclusive world for all.

KALEKYE KYALO

Associate Human Rights Officer at the United Nations Office for Human Rights



QUEER YOUTH VOICES at the GENERATION EQUALITY FORUM

Foreign ald must be

used transparently

and should prioritize

Building stronger civil society groups and holding governments accountable.

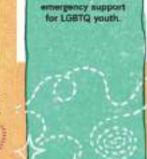


Creating spaces to

build healing justice

and support within

communities



information about health, especially. relating to COVID19 is timely, widely accessible, queer and youth friendly.

buzzwords --

advancing diversity

and inclusion must

be meaningful.

Our struggles are not single-lassue and there is no singular queer issue Recognize that queer struggles. are multiple and

There is no single queer Muslim story - there is so much diversity even within this specific identity. We need more opportunities for self-representation for queer youth Muslim voices to be platformed.

SYEDA LAMEEYA PARWEEN

Mental Health Practitioner and Queer Affirmative Counsellor



Ensuring educators and educational spaces use gender affirming language.

We're looking at sustainability for young people and that involves investing in livelihoods so young people can sustain themselves.

KAMANDA BOSCO

Programs Assistant of Transgender Equality Ligands and stember of the neration Equality Youth Task Force





Digital Size: 29.7 cm x 42 cm

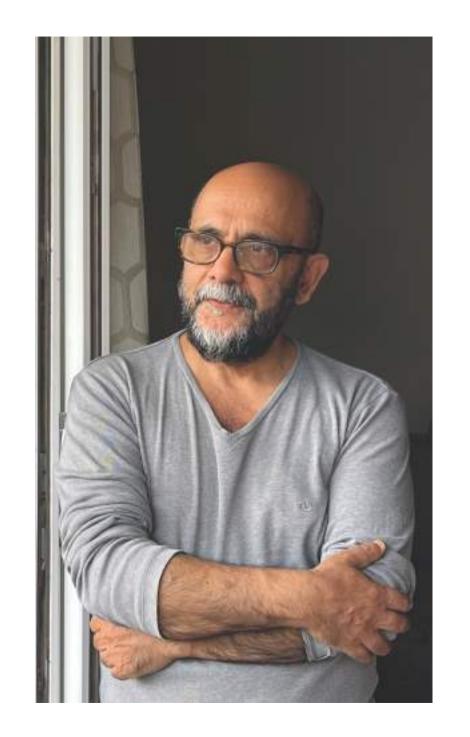
MIGHTY MARGINS

Veer Munshi

Veer Munshi is an artist born in Srinagar Kashmir, based in Delhi, India.
He has addressed a range of subjects during his artistic career that spans three decades but exile remains his most fundamental condition and preoccupation. Munshi consistently used his art to reflect his anguish at the situation in his home state, his pain and struggle spilling over onto his canvass.

Making a human rights statement rather than a political one, he has constantly sought to highlight the turmoil that comes with his separation from his heritage, and to highlight the increasingly the narrow space that exists for culture and art in his state.

Veer has 17 solo shows to his credit all over the world, through his varied medium of expression such as installations, videos, paintings and photographs.



Leaves like Hands of Flame

'Leaves like Hands of Flame' (running time 5 min 3 sec) is a two-channel video meditation by Veer Munshi. Its title is taken from a line in a poem by Ranjit Hoskote, which speaks of the chinar.

Through one channel, which remains deceptively static, Munshi runs an animation sequence that tracks the gradual burning-down of a grand old mansion from his 'Pandit Houses' archive.

Through the second channel, the artist records his journey by boat and on foot through an embattled Kashmiri winter landscape of fallen leaves, swirling water and falling snow.

Video stills from video meditation.













MIGHTY MARGINS

Agami x The Alipore Post x Copycat Design: JUSTICEMAKERS

Agami is a movement of people and ideas intent on transforming the experience of justice in India. By telling a different story, surfacing innovation, connecting actors and opportunities, and unleashing a new kind of collective leadership in the field.

The Alipore Post is a newsletter that shares weekly art, poetry, and music from hidden corners of the internet. Rohini Kejriwal, curator of The Alipore Post always wanted to run an online journal to allow people to submit their work and create a trustworthy platform to showcase this vibrant creative

community online.

freelance graphic designer and illustrator who loves telling compelling and exciting stories through visuals.

Justicemakers, Stories of young people solving justice issues differently was curated by Agami, in collaboration with The Alipore Post and Copycat Design.

Justicemakers is a collaboration between 20 storytellers and over 30 justicemakers to capture an idea of justice that extends far beyond legal disputes and courtrooms.

Copycat Design (Mayur Nanda) is a

Today, justice is made by people all around us in creative and thoughtful ways. Through this collection of stories, we offer a visual language for this new way of doing things that brings colour and mood and voice and texture to justice in a way that is both personal and experimental. We invite you to find your nearest playground and try out a seesaw to see what a rebalancing of the scales of justice might feel like for yourself.

Justicemakers:

FIELD NOTES FROM ZENITH

This is one of the 10 stories in Justicemakers by Agami x The Alipore Post x Copycat Design.

In the early days of Zenith-Society for Socio-Legal Empowerment, Abhay and Swapnil travelled around different villages in parts of Madhya Pradesh to understand the ground realities and issues people faced and make sense of why old methods of solving them weren't working. Art by Rohini Kejriwal, Words and images by Ayera Choudhary and Tammanna Aurora.

field notes from zenith



Abhay Jain and Swapnil Shukla, founders of Zenith - Society for Socio - Legal Empowerment Size: Digital

Size: 29.7 cm x 42 cm

spread

Cover Art by Mayur Nanda

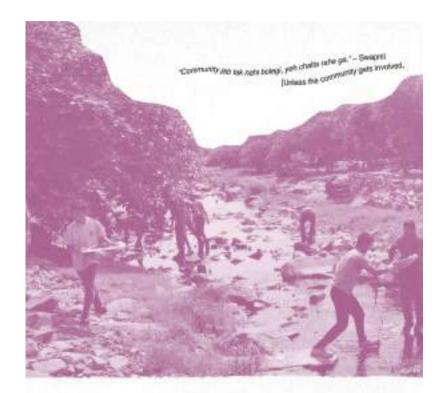
Size: 29.7 cm x 42 cm



In the early days of Zenith, Abhay and Swapnil travelled around different villages in perts of Madhya Pradesh to understand the ground realities and issues people faced, and make sense of why old methods of solving them were not working.

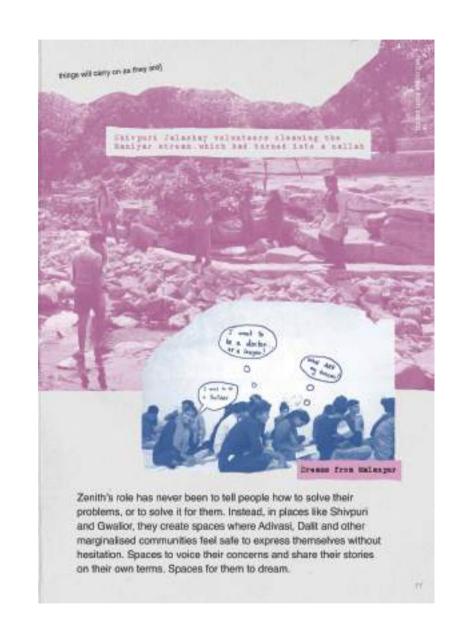
They arrived at two big learnings:

- There is a lack of affordable and quality legal services at the grassroots level. People need safe spaces to ask questions, learn about their rights and find solutions to their justice issues.
- Justice cannot be carried on the shoulders of one person or institution. Multiple stakeholders need to participate in decisions that affect their lives and livelihood, and the youth need to be at the heart of it.



It all started in third year of law school after a perticularly inspiring class on Public Interest Litigation (PIL). Abhay thought he had found a solution for protecting the magar (crocodile) and the lakes in his hometown of Shivpuri, which were covered in a blanket of polythene.

A PIL was filed, the National Green Tribunal (NGT) gave favourable orders, the news was celebrated in the local media and then... nothing happened. Nothing changed! The lakes were not magically cleaned up. It didn't take long to see that court orders don't matter unless they are implemented. So they called for local participation, got together and cleaned the lake themselves!



But what does a space to dream look like for these communities?

By meeting communities in neutral spaces, Zenith encourages people to reach out to them for support and helps them feel a sense of agency in articulating their problems.



Meeting at the village chabetra in Chibert Share



Renel Cabariya, a Sahariya Adiraci whoan came to Sanith to get her DUNIT certificate made because she manted to stand for local elections. Sameer bhai, a Sahariya Adivasi from Dholagarh, waded through the justice system to finally access his land rights in a case that had been pending for 20 years. The fact that he has understood how to access the system on his own and fight for his rights creates a sense of agency within him. It's so strong that it ripples through the other 172 Sahariya Adivasi families struggling with pending land cases, who now know that there is a way out and have found a leader in Sameer bhai.

In Mudkheda, the community has been actively voicing concerns about a check-post proposed by the government that would hinder their community rights to freely access the forests and till their land.

> A scene from Mudkhada with community leader Rajendra bhai (far right)

Documenting life in Shivpuri while interning with

Ayers: I can either point and shoot with my camera and simplify peoples complex identities and problems with my direct questions or I can hold space for them to tell their story. I have come to realise that no community owes you access to their issues. We owe them our patience and commitment; and through time, build trust and accountability.

It's hard because we are taught law in the semantics of heavy hardbound books, spun by Latin phrases and Yes Your Lordships. Our knowledge systems do not account for the discomfort of holding two opposing truths and just sitting with them.

In Majera, the khadaan (quarries) have taken the lives of many members of the community due. to silicosis, giving it the name Randon ka Gaon (Village of Widows). These waters are the same ones the children jump in, with absolute unterhered joy. When asked why they continue to work

there, the locals reply, "Jab kuch aw kaam hi nahi hai, toh aadmi kya kare? Roti paani toh chahiye na?" [When there is no other work, what are we to do? We have to earn our ivelihood.]

They choose to go back to what kills them because it is the only option they have. How do you sit with a truth like that? Is it even my story to tell?

Zenith, I have more questions than answers.

As Abhay and Swapnil say, there are no linear solutions and it doesn't help to address problems in binaries with labels like 'oppressor/oppressed'. People from both sides have to be part of the conversation to create new structures and try a new approach to justicemaking. And for that to happen, we need to hold space for these difficult conversations and navigate the politics of space together.

will be full of contradictions.

we too can be like the cow in Sankhya Sagar,

sitting with the mager (crocodile) of injustice

and let it see us unfettered and unmoved, taking up space.



85 MIGHTY MARGINS

Digital Empowerment Foundation: ACODE

Digital Empowerment Foundation is a non-profit organisation that aims to bridge the digital divide among urban and rural communities by empowering people digitally. Art and Collectives for Digital Empowerment (ACODE) is an endeavour by Digital Empowerment Foundation that believes artistic expression offers effective values and reasonable opportunities for discussion, criticism, knowledge, experience sharing, imagination, hope and healing; all

invaluable tools for individuals and communities to imbibe into the lives they lead. A-CODE aspires to engrain the thought in public mindsets that artistic expressions and activities are an integral part of everything that we do and are effective in addressing social issues.

Misinformation by ACODE

Compiled posters on misinformation by Acode by Digital Empowerment Foundation.

Size: A4 (21 cm x 29.7 cm) posters spread













91

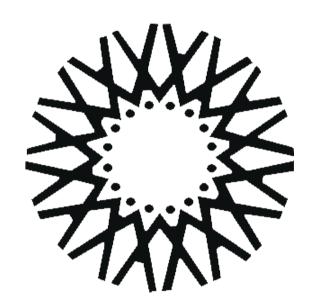
MIGHTY MARGINS

Safdar Hashmi Memorial Trust (SAHMAT)

The spontaneous anger generated by
Safdar Hashmi's murder on January 1,1989
grew into a resolve to resist the forces
threatening the essentially pluralist and
democratic spirit of creative expression.

Writers, theatre persons, musicians, painters, scholars, poets, architects, photographers, designers, cultural activists, and media persons formed the Safdar Hashmi Memorial Trust (SAHMAT) within weeks of Safdar Hashmi's death.

From its inception SAHMAT has been a platform with a shared perspective and has welcomed the distinctive creativities of those who have been part of its activities.



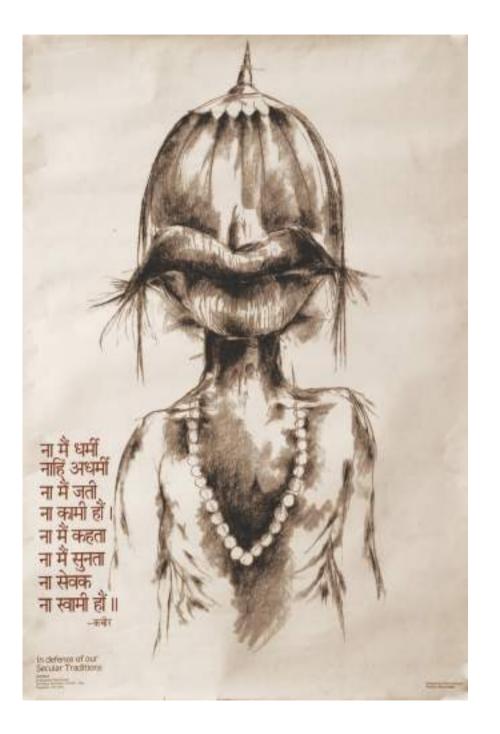
In defence of our secular tradition

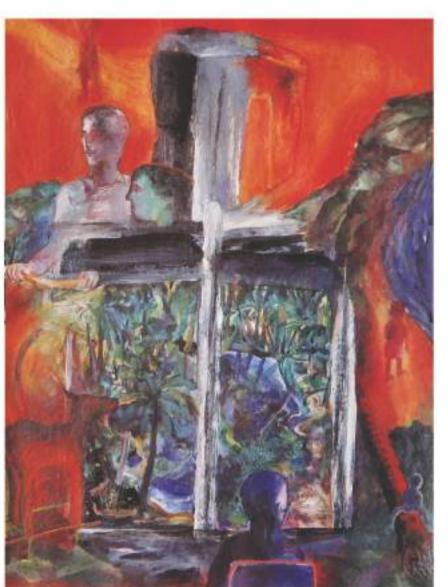


जाये बंसू खामोश शहर, अब वंही तो मुल्क समाना ।

–वुल्ले शाह







Appareuman retination. Now the proc time amortiscing to an international property to the

In defence of our secular tradition

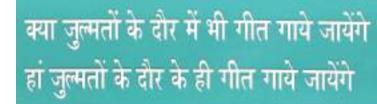
I am still in my village Amidst the rocks and wet clays

I am not alone my friends and foes are here Here the ponds get wet and dry Harvest reaps and dry Rocks shatter and temples rise

The wild elephants seldom come and destroy the harvest The Tiger never eats the folks

Automore Resiries







It is ten years since we pledged to continue our struggle

for freedom of expression

to defend our secular tradition

and

to create alternative culture





In defence of our secular tradition

The poor gasp for life It's cool breeze to them Those who lord ov'r the earth From their thrones of sin

Vallabul





Ann Mathon, Martyr's Chapter, 90 a 60 cm; Pillingalos, Acrylic, 1663

BARBARIANS AT THE GATE





UDAIPUR

A cry of anguish from artists

महीता दिया समात जिल्लास्ता । को विद्या अपन सीम् विद्यालया सीम प्रधानमंत्री अञ्चल विहारी वाजपंत्री के भागिन संस्कृति मंत्री अनूम मिल कहते हैं, 'त्यवक्षिण बुद्धिनीयी क्या कहते हैं, मुझे इसकी परणा गाँ है। उन्होंने तामसेन अकादमी गर्स बनाई है। उन्होंने एक बांग्लादेशी गाथक के नाम पर अकादमी का नाम गत्रा है। के किसे खुरा करना चाहते हैं?' यह 'गायक' विख्यात संगीतत है लेकिन मिल्ल इसकी परश्चर गर्से करते। यह पूछे जाने पर कि यह करणकार कीन है? मिल्ल कहते हैं, 'मीडिया को खुद पता करने दीनिए।'

अलाअहोन खा पेहर घराने के संस्थाप हैं और रनिशंकर और अली अकथर खा रे अक्टार हैं। वे तैया (प्रकार सरेका) में

बर्बरता के कगार पर

DRIBNAY of Virtual Street Princes Streets, Staff Marry, Marce Staffs (1998), No. 2019, NYS 27 STAR Staffs and excellented hims. 20

99 MIGHTY MARGIN

Quick bites from the session

On marginalisation, and movement building: Conversation between Siddhesh Gautam (@bakery prasad) and Nikita Sonavane, Founder, Criminal Justice, and Police Accountability Project.

The exhibition also hosted a session between Siddhesh Gautam who goes by a popular Instagram handle (@bakeryprasad) and Nikita Sonavane, Founder, Criminal Justice, and Police Accountability Project on activism as pertinent social innovations, and how art has surfaced to be a poignant social innovation when it comes to movement building and furthering everyone a changemaker movement.

The society still follows untouchability in other forms, by restricting marginalised communities to their marginalisation status, and not treating them as equals.

There are different nuances even in a particular marginalised community. My community cannot be limited to one blue flag. Our single blue colour can have so many variations, beyond one's imagination.

However, I am very hopeful that a time will come when every human will be treated the same

way

-SIDDHESH GAUTAM (@bakeryprasad)



"To see a man who belongs to one of the most opressed communities (Dr. B.R. Ambedkar) in a suit and tie—wants you to push yourself and do better. That is what justice is. Suffering is not a praxis; idea isn't that everybody suffers.

The praxis is that everybody can live the life they want to live.
Our idea of justice is aspirational.
And through your work, Siddhesh I see what those aspirations and possibilities, even in the light of forces that are working against these very aspirations

-NIKITA SONAVANE Founder, Criminal Justice, and Police Accountability Project



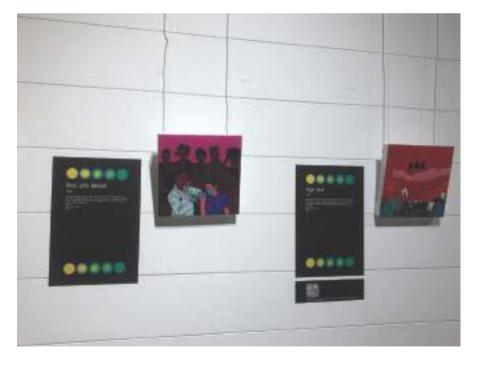
About Event Design

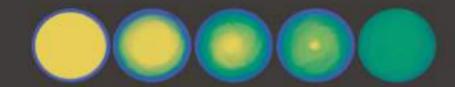
The signage and event design took inspiration from historical incidents and movements around marginalisation. The colours you see take a leaf from colours of protest, expression, and identity globally.

The silhouettes on the signage represent the voices behind social movements marginalised populations.

The moons for artwork descriptions represented the resilience and persistence of marginalised populations, where the margins were mixing with the rest of the moon to result a new hue.







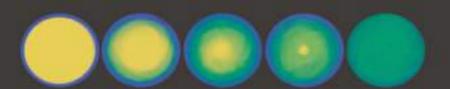
Ramabai Bhimrao Ambedkar

Ajinkya Dekhane

Ramabai Bhinrac Anbedkar was the woman who propelled Babasaheb to the heights of his academic as well as political success. The anecdotes of her unimaginable sacrifice in a lifelong struggle to transform an ordinary 'Bhina' to Dr. Bhinrac Anbedkar also transformed her own identity from Ramabai to the mother of all, 'Ramal'. Ramai sacrificed her own wants and likes, saving every penny out of sheer love and faith in the mammoth task her partner had undertaken to churn up a revolution, India wasn't ready for. She was contained knowing every grumble her empty stomach made, ensured a fellow Dalit woman a life of dignity for decades to come. Ramai learned to read and write in English early on, a great feat for her time.

Dalit women today face the worst forms of oppression in rural as well as urban areas in personal and professional life one for their caste second for being a woman and third if they're poor. Dalit women today are the marginalized within the marginalized. Upper class Savarna feminists have either denied space for Dalit women to rise or have blatantly appropriated their struggle taking every opportunity to speak on their behalf. Dalit feminism is slowly holding its ground with scholars and activists pointing out caste and gender intersectionalities. Teday, all Dalits as well as their allies who have chosen to take up and continue this tedious work of calling out and systematically dismantling Brahminical Patriarchy finds their strength and inspiration in the legacy of Ramail

Ink and Charcoal on Paper Size: 76.2 x 76.2 cm 2019

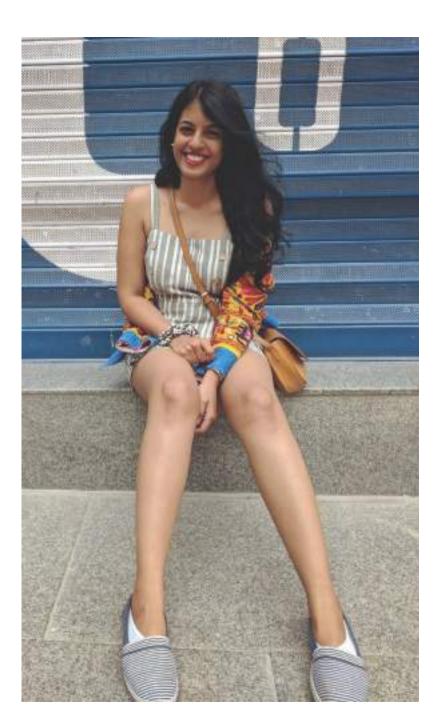




Something Sketchy

Madhuvanthi Mohan aka Something Sketchy is an illustrator from Bangalore, India, who recently moved to Mount Pleasant, Vancouver with her partner and their ginger rescue cat Thimmi. She puts her illustrations on products like notebooks, stickers and prints for retail. Each quirky and unique design has a story behind it or a song that inspired it.

She cares very deeply about bringing the indie illustrator community together and runs an illustrators' group called The Sketchup where she has hosted intimate, informal, underground gatherings with established Speakers, across the country. She also curates and organises art shows and festivals.





ARTISTS

Ajinkya Dekhane, Katayoun Karami, Jose, Pen Pencil Draw, Siddhesh Gautam, Shrujana Shridhar, Sonaksha Iyengar, Veer Munshi

ORGANISATIONS

Safdar Hashmi Memorial Trust (Sahmat), Justicemakers by Agami x

Justicemakers by Agami x
The Alipore Post x Copycat Design,
Acode by Digital Empowerment
Foundation

Projection Art by Mantis Shrimp Creative

SESSION

In Conversation with Siddhesh Gautam (@bakeryprasad) and Nikita Sonavane, Founder, Criminal Justice, and Police Accountability Project

Poster Art by Something Sketchy

Curated by Meghana Parik

Mighty Margins

ASSERTING FROM THE MARGINS TO MOVE MINDSETS

NOVEMBER 4, 2022 | 1800 TO 2200 HR Bangalore International Centre Pictures from the exhibition













